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Statistical survey on organic production			
AFF_ZE.ORG_A_EN_2022_1			
Reference Metadata in ESMS 2.0 structure			
1	1 Contact		
1.1	Contact organisation		
State St	atistical Office		
1.2	Contact organisation unit		
Department for agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing and farm register			
1.3	Contact name		
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1.8	Contact fax number		
00389 2 3111 336			
2	Metadata update		
2.1	Metadata last certified		

18.05.2023	
2.2	Metadata last posted
18.05.2023	
2.3	Metadata last update
18.05.2023	
3	Statistical presentation

### 3.1 Data description

Organic farming is defined as a method of production where the greatest emphasis is placed on environmental protection, and the production avoids or greatly reduces the use of synthetic chemical inputs, such as fertilizers, pesticides, additives and medical products. Organic production includes livestock production, and the production of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) and their use in animal feed is also prohibited. Organic farming differs from other methods of agricultural production in the application of regulated standards (production rules), mandatory control schemes and a specific marking scheme. Organic statistics collect data on:

- Number of organic operators such as producers (agricultural holdings, aquaculture production units), processors, importers, exporters and other operators (wholesalers, retailers, etc.)

- Organic crop area under conversion and fully converted
- Organic crop production from fully converted area
- Number of organic livestock
- Volume of organic products of animal origin
- Volume of organic aquaculture production

- Number of operators processing products issued from organic farming (based on NACE classification).....and etc.

From 2020 onwards as well the data on organic production have also been enriched with data on yields.

## 3.2 Classification system

#### National clasiffication of activities NKD Rev.2.

## https://www.stat.gov.mk/Nacionalni\_Klasifikacii2\_en.aspx?rbr=1\_

#### 3.3 Sector coverage

Agricultural holdings that dispose of agricultural land under conversion or have already received a certificate of organic production from the relevant national certification bodies.

## **3.4 Statistical concepts and definitions**

Organic production is a complete system of management of the agricultural holding and food production that combines the best practices of environmental protection, high level of biodiversity, protection of natural resources, application of animal welfare standards and production method in accordance with consumer requirements, for products produced using natural materials and processes.

Organic production in transition - transition from inorganic to organic agricultural production in a certain period of time in which the rules of organic production apply.

#### 3.5 Statistical unit

Agricultural holdings.

## **3.6 Statistical population**

All individual agricultural holdings and legal entities which performe organic agricultural production and for that activity have approval by the control/certification authority (authorized by the Ministry of agriculture, forestry and watereconomy).

3.7	Reference area
Republi	c of North Macedonia
3.8	Time coverage

Data are available from 2013 onwards.

3.9	Base	period

## Not applicable

Reference Metadata in ESMS 2.0 structure

4	Unit of measure
Tonnes, number, hectares.	
5	Reference period
Annual	
6	Institutional mandate
6.1	Legal acts and other agreements
	Legal acts and other agreements   IAL LEGISLATION

(<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZaNas\_en.aspx?id=8</u>)

EUROPEAN LEGISLATION

Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008 of 5 September 2008 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products with regard to organic production, labelling and control

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=celex%3A32008R0889

## 6.2 Data sharing

From reference year 2008 onwards, data have to be provided according to

Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 of 28 June 2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91

Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008 of 5 September 2008 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

7	Confidentiality
7.1	Confidentiality - policy

1. The protection of individual data is regulated by the Law on State Statistics (<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZakonZaStatistika\_en.aspx</u>).

2. The basic principles and activities undertaken to ensure data confidentiality are described in the Policy on Statistical Confidentiality

(<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/pdf/PolicyOnStatisticalConfidentiality.pdf</u>).

## 7.2 Confidentiality - data treatment

Pursuant to Article 38 of the Law on State Statistics

(<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZakonZaStatistika\_en.aspx</u>) and the Policy on Statistical Confidentiality

(<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/pdf/PolicyOnStatisticalConfidentiality.pdf</u>), individual data are not published.

8	Release policy
8.1	Release calendar
Not app	blicable
8.2	Release calendar access
Not app	blicable
8.3	User access
publicat statistic	s have equal access to statistics at the same time: this means that tion dates are announced in advance and no user has access to official s before they are published. The statistics are published in the Makstat e on the website of the State Statistical Office.
9	Frequency of dissemination
Annual	
10	Accessibility and clarity
10.1	News release
Annual News Release	
https://www.stat.gov.mk/PrikaziSoopstenie_en.aspx?rbrtxt=149	
	State Statistical Office

10.2	Publications
Not applicable	
10.3	On-line database

https://makstat.stat.gov.mk/PXWeb/pxweb/en/MakStat/MakStat\_Zemjodelstvo\_ \_OrganskoProizvodstvo/125\_Zem\_Mk\_oRast\_ml.px/?rxid=46ee0f64-2992-4b45a2d9-cb4e5f7ec5ef

https://makstat.stat.gov.mk/PXWeb/pxweb/en/MakStat/MakStat\_Zemjodelstvo\_ \_OrganskoProizvodstvo/130\_Zem\_Mk\_DobitocnoOrgPro\_ml.px/?rxid=46ee0f64-2992-4b45-a2d9-cb4e5f7ec5ef

https://makstat.stat.gov.mk/PXWeb/pxweb/en/MakStat/MakStat\_Zemjodelstvo\_ OrganskoProizvodstvo/135\_Zem\_Mk\_PcelSemOrgProMed\_ml.px/? rxid=46ee0f64-2992-4b45-a2d9-cb4e5f7ec5ef

# 10.4 Micro-data access

The use of microdata by external users is possible only for research purposes and is done in accordance with the Law on State Statistics (Article 41, Article 42 and Article 43). Access to anonymised microdata is defined by an internal procedure of the State Statistical Office "Access to anonymised microdata for scientific research purposes" (<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZaNas\_en.aspx?id=22</u>).

## 10.5 Other

Time series of annual data: from 2013 have been sent to Eurostat via eDAMIS.At the request of users, data are also prepared in a form according to their needs.

# **10.6 Documentation on methodology**

Farming is considered to be organic if it complies with 'Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 of 28 June 2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91'.

# 10.7 Quality documentation

Quality report is not produced.

## 11 Quality management

### 11.1 **Quality assurance**

The quality of the processes and products in the State Statistical Office is ensured by adhering to the European Code of European Statistics

(<u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZaNas.aspx?id=2</u>) and the Quality Assurance Framework within of the European Statistical System (ESC Quality Assurance Framework - <u>https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/64157/4392716/ESS-</u> <u>QAF-V2.0-final.pdf</u>). The quality criteria are also determined in the Law on State Statistics in Article 4b and Article 4c

https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZakonZaStatistika\_en.aspx

### 11.2 Quality assessment

The State Statistical Office carries out statistical activities in accordance with the Statistical Business Process Model, which is based on the international model - Generic Statistical Business Process Model (GSBPM). The application of this model and international standards in statistical production ensures a high level of accuracy and comparability of data.

#### 12 Relevance

#### 12.1 User needs

The data from the organic production survey are used by agricultural policy makers, the business community, agroeconomists, agronomists, farmers, organic producers, the non-governmental sector and other organizations.

#### 12.2 User satisfaction

Starting from 2009, the State Statistical Office conducts a User Satisfaction Survey every three years.

#### 12.3 Completeness

Data are available from 2013 onwards. The SSO ensures around 80% of the indicators which are required by the Commission Regulation (EC) No. 834/2007.

## **13** Accuracy and reliability

#### 13.1 **Overall accuracy**

The survey methodology and the data collection method ensure good coverage and accuracy of the data.

13.2	Sampling error	
Not app	Not applicable	
13.3	Non-sampling error	
14	Timeliness and punctuality	
14.1	Timeliness	
T+ 10 months		
14.2	Punctuality	
Not applicable		
15	Coherence and comparability	

## **15.1 Comparability - geographical**

There is a geographical comparability of nationally disseminated data. In terms of geographical comparability with other European countries, comparability is also provided because the data are collected in accordance with European regulations.

#### 15.2 Comparability - over time

Since 2013 onwards according to NACE Rev.2 and there is no interruption of the time series. The length of the comparable time series is 7 reference periods.

#### 15.3 Coherence - cross domain

Comparison with data from other data sources should be performed with caution. This is because the organic data set is based on administrative data, usually cover all production units certified and under conversion to organic at country level.

15.4 **Coherence** - internal

Internal data coherence is ensured, the data is controlled and analyzed in the production process. Comparison with data from other data sources should be performed with caution. This is because the organic data set is based on administrative data, usually cover all production units certified and under conversion to organic at country level.

## 16 Cost and burden

There are no data collection costs or burden on reporting units as they are downloaded directly (electronically) from an administrative source.

17	Data revision
17.1	Data revision - policy
	rision is made in accordance with the Statistical Data Revision Policy of : ( <u>https://www.stat.gov.mk/ZaNas_en.aspx?id=25</u> ).
17.2	Data revision - practice
Not app	licable
18	Statistical processing
18.1	Source data
Ministry provisio Forestry based o North M	a are collected through an administrative data source, provided from the of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Economy in accordance with the ns of the Memorandum signed between the Ministry of Agriculture, and Water Economy and the State Statistical Office. The research is n full coverage (total number of organic producers in the Republic of lacedonia that have approval from a control / certification body ed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Economy).
18.2	Frequency of data collection
Annually	/
18.3	Data collection
	organic agricultural production are collected from an administrative The data are obtained by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water

Economy in electronic format.

#### 18.4 Data validation

Data validation is performed in accordance with the defined control criteria. Initial data validation is performed when obtaining the database of organic agricultural producers. Validation rules defined by Eurostat have also been applied. The data are compared and analyzed before their publication, on an aggregate level with the data published on the website of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Economy.

18.5 Data compilation

The aggregated data are obtained by summarizing the individual data by types of agricultural products and by types of livestock at the level of the Republic of Macedonia. The imputation method was not used in the data processing.

18.6	Adjustment
Not applicable	
19	Comment
A.1	Annexes